



Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 $n - n'$ and
UHECR

Backup

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Zurab Berezhiani

University of L'Aquila and LNGS

Univ. Warsaw, 7 March 2024





Contents

Extremely
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Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 *$n - n'$ and
UHECR*

Backup

- 1 Introduction: Old and Gold
- 2 Chapter I: Dark Matter from a Parallel World
- 3 Chapter II: *Neutrino - mirror neutrino mixings*
- 4 Chapter III: *neutron - mirror neutron mixing*
- 5 Chapter IV: *$n - n'$ and UHECR*
- 6 Backup



Epochal discoveries of new particles in 1930's

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A signal to new Astro/Particle Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

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Chapter I: Dark Matter from a Parallel World

Chapter II: Neutrino - mirror neutrino mixings

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Backup

Anti-matter, 1930-32



$$\left(\beta mc^2 + \sum_{\alpha=1}^3 \alpha_j p_{\alpha} c \right) \psi(\mathbf{x}, t) = i\hbar \frac{\partial \psi(\mathbf{x}, t)}{\partial t}$$



Neutrino, 1930-34 ...



Neutron, 1932-33



Dark Matter + Neutron Stars, 1933





in 50-60's: breaking tabu of "fundamental" symmetries ... and prophecy on the origin of matter

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Backup

P Violation, 1956-57



CP Violation, 1964



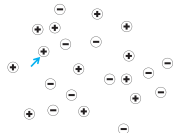
and a great vision ... 1967

Matter (Baryon asymmetry) in the early universe can be originated (from zero) by New Interactions which

- Violate B (now better $B - L$) and also CP
- and go out-of-equilibrium at some early epoch

$$\sigma(bb \rightarrow \bar{b}\bar{b})/\sigma(\bar{b}\bar{b} \rightarrow bb) = 1 - \epsilon$$

$\epsilon \sim 10^{-9}$: for every $\sim 10^9$ processes *one unit of B* is left in the universe after the process is frozen





... and finally the Standard Model of all particles and interactions: $SU(3) \times SU(2) \times U(1)$

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Summary

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Chapter IV: $n - n'$ and UHECR

Backup



+ quarks and QCD (Gell-Mann et al.)

*From Dynamit Prize in 1979
... to the publicity on T-shirts*

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L} = & -\frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} \\ & + i \bar{\Psi} \not{D} \Psi + h.c. \\ & + \bar{\Psi}_i y_{ij} \Psi_j \phi + h.c. \\ & + \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu \phi^2 - V(\phi) \end{aligned}$$



Anti-particles and anti-matter

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Summary

Introduction: Old and Gold ...

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Backup

From discovery of Antimatter



$$\left(\beta mc^2 + \sum_{k=1}^3 \alpha_k p_k c \right) \psi(\mathbf{x}, t) = i\hbar \frac{\partial \psi(\mathbf{x}, t)}{\partial t}$$



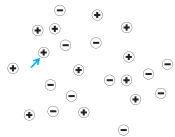
to Matter – Antimatter Asymmetry in the Universe

Matter (Baryon asymmetry) in the early universe can be originated (from zero) by New Interactions which

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There should be no antimatter in the Universe!

In any case, matter should dominate the entire visible Universe
No antimatter domain can exist within the horizon!

– Cohen, De Rujula, Glashow 1997



Protons and Nuclei in cosmic rays

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Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old and Gold ...

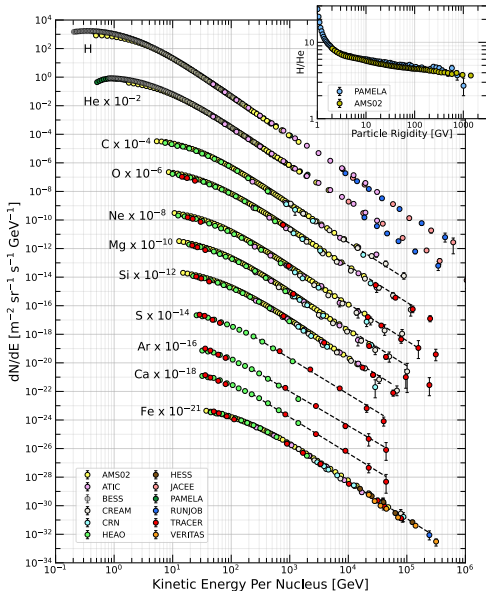
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Chapter II: Neutrino - mirror neutrino mixings

Chapter III: neutron - mirror neutron mixing

Chapter IV: $n - n'$ and UHECR

Backup





Abundances: in cosmic rays vs. cosmological

Extremely Energetic Cosmic Rays:
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Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old and Gold

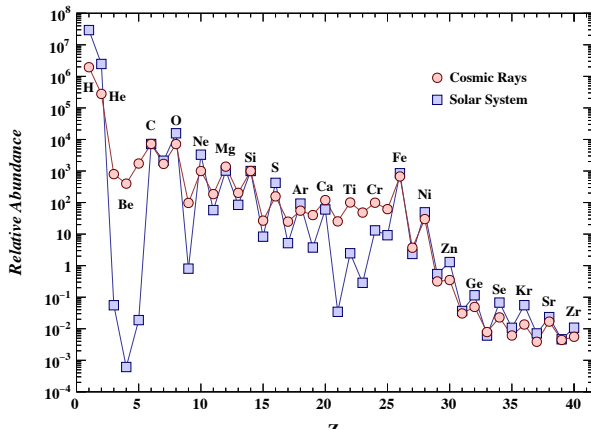
Chapter I: Dark Matter from a Parallel World

Chapter II: Neutrino - mirror neutrino mixings

Chapter III: neutron - mirror neutron mixing

Chapter IV: $n - n'$ and UHECR

Backup





Antiprotons in Cosmic Rays

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
*n - n' and
UHECR*

Backup

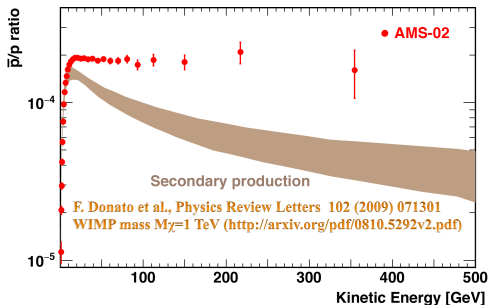
$$\Phi_{\bar{p}}/\Phi_p \sim 10^{-4}$$

AMS-02

can be produced as secondaries in collisions of cosmic rays with interstellar gas, or can be signature of Dark Matter annihilation?

WIMP + WIMP to proton + antiproton? (electron + positron?)

$M_X \sim$ few hundred GeV





Antinuclei in Cosmic Rays ... AMS-02

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Energetic Cosmic
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Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

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*neutron - mirror
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UHECR*

Backup

Eight anti-helium candidates were observed by AMS-02:

6 helium-3 and 2 helium-4 with energies \sim GeV

$$\Phi(\overline{\text{He}})/\Phi(\text{He}) \sim 10^{-8} \quad - \text{no anti deuteron candidate}$$
$$\Phi(\text{He}) \sim 10^3 \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}\text{sr}^{-1}$$

Discovery of a single **anti-He-4** nucleus challenges all known physics.

AMS-02 signal (once published) should point to highly non-trivial
New Physics

LHC: Deuteron and triton-He3 are produced in *pp* collisions
(in minuscule fractions) – but no He4 was ever seen ...



Cosmic Rays at highest energies

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Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark Matter from a Parallel World

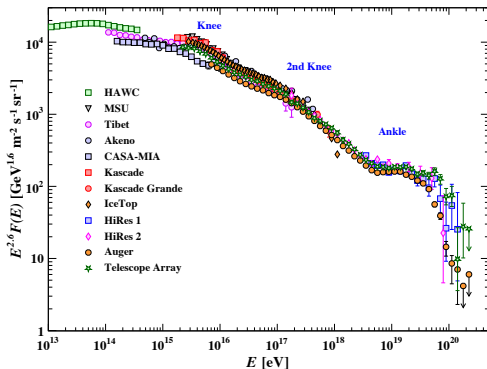
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$E < 1 \text{ TeV} = 10^{12} \text{ eV}$ moderate energies
 $E < 1 \text{ PeV} = 10^{15} \text{ eV}$ knee – galactic CR
 $E > 1 \text{ EeV} = 10^{18} \text{ eV}$ UHECR: extragalactic
 $E > 50 \text{ EeV}$ (GZK cutoff) $E > 100 \text{ EeV} = 10^{20} \text{ eV}$ EECR





UHECR as protons and GZK cutoff

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and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings

Chapter III:
neutron - mirror
neutron mixing

Chapter IV:
 $n - n'$ and
UHECR

Backup

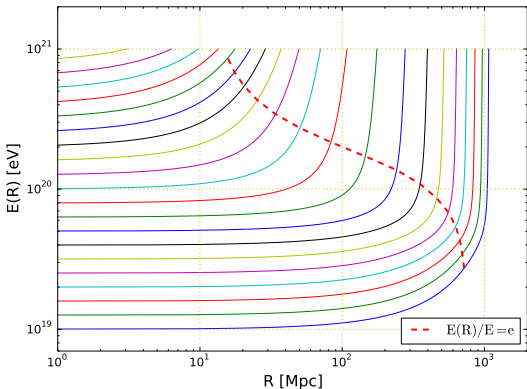
GZK cutoff:

Photo-pion production on the CMB if $E > E_{\text{GZK}} \approx \frac{m_{\pi} m_p}{\epsilon_{\text{CMB}}} \approx 6 \times 10^{19} \text{ eV}$:

$p + \gamma \rightarrow p + \pi^0$ (or $n + \pi^+$), $l_{\text{mfp}} \sim 5 \text{ Mpc}$ for $E > 10^{20} \text{ eV} = 100 \text{ EeV}$

Neutron decay: $n \rightarrow p + e + \bar{\nu}_e$, $l_{\text{dec}} = \left(\frac{E}{100 \text{ EeV}}\right) \text{ Mpc}$

Neutron on CMB scattering: $n + \gamma \rightarrow n + \pi^0$ (or $p + \pi^-$)





EECR – from my slides at TEVPA 2019, Sydney

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Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
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Astro/Particle
Physics?

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Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

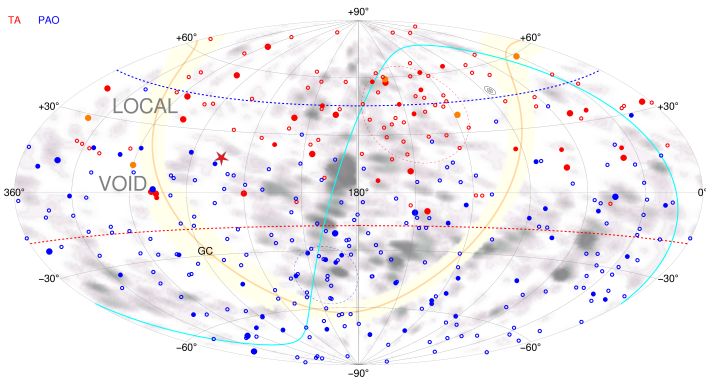
Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

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*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
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UHECR*

Backup

EECR with $E > 100$ EeV (big circles) + all super GZK events
 $E > 50$ EeV



$E = 320 \pm 90$ EeV Fly'e Eye Monster (FM) event — 1991
 $E = 244 \pm 29(\text{stat})_{-79}^{+51}(\text{syst})$ EeV TA Energy Record (ER)



TA (Telescope Array) ER (Eleanor Rigby) event

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Summary

Introduction: Old and Gold

Chapter I: Dark Matter from a Parallel World

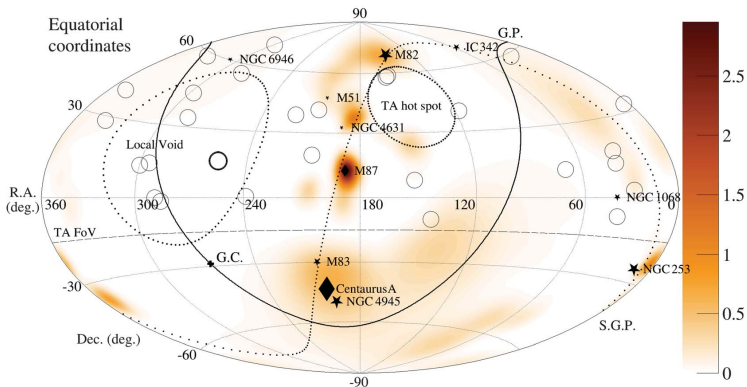
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Chapter III: neutron - mirror neutron mixing

Chapter IV: $n - n'$ and UHECR

Backup

EECR with $E > 100$ EeV (big circles) + all super GZK events $E > 50$ EeV



$E = 244 \pm 29(\text{stat})_{-79}^{+51}(\text{syst})$ EeV TA Energy Record (ER)



Chapter I

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 *$n - n'$ and
UHECR*

Backup

Chapter II

Dark Matter from a Parallel World



Bright & Dark Sides of our Universe

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
*n - n' and
UHECR*

Backup

- $\Omega_B \simeq 0.05$ observable matter: **electron, proton, neutron !**
- $\Omega_D \simeq 0.25$ dark matter: **WIMP? axion? sterile ν ? ...**
- $\Omega_\Lambda \simeq 0.70$ dark energy: **Λ -term? Quintessence?**
- $\Omega_R < 10^{-3}$ relativistic fraction: **relic photons and neutrinos**

Matter – dark energy coincidence: $\Omega_M/\Omega_\Lambda \simeq 0.45$, ($\Omega_M = \Omega_D + \Omega_B$)
 $\rho_\Lambda \sim \text{Const.}$, $\rho_M \sim a^{-3}$; *why $\rho_M/\rho_\Lambda \sim 1$ – just Today?*

Anthropic explanation: if not *Today*, then *Yesterday* or *Tomorrow*.

Baryon and dark matter Fine Tuning: $\Omega_B/\Omega_D \simeq 0.2$
 $\rho_B \sim a^{-3}$, $\rho_D \sim a^{-3}$: *why $\rho_B/\rho_D \sim 1$ - Yesterday Today & Tomorrow?*

Baryogenesis requires BSM Physics: (**GUT-B, Lepto-B, AD-B, EW-B ...**)

Dark matter requires BSM Physics: (**Wimp, Wimpzilla, sterile ν , axion, ...**)

Different physics for B-genesis and DM?

Not very appealing: looks as Fine Tuning



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Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

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*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

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UHECR

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Our observable particles *very complex physics !!*

$$G = SU(3) \times SU(2) \times U(1) \quad (+ \text{SUSY ? GUT ? Seesaw ? })$$

photon, electron, nucleons (quarks), neutrinos, gluons, $W^\pm - Z$, Higgs ...

long range EM forces, confinement scale Λ_{QCD} , weak scale M_W

... matter vs. antimatter (B-L violation, CP ...)

... existence of nuclei, atoms, molecules life.... Homo Sapiens !

Best of the possible Worlds (Candid, Frank and Uncontrived)

Dark matter from parallel gauge sector ?

$$G' = SU(3)' \times SU(2)' \times U(1)' ? \quad (+ \text{SUSY ? GUT ' ? Seesaw ? })$$

photon', electron', nucleons' (quarks'), $W' - Z'$, gluons' ?

... long range EM forces, confinement at Λ'_{QCD} , weak scale M'_W ?

... asymmetric dark matter (B'-L' violation, CP ...) ?

... existence of dark nuclei, atoms, molecules ... life ... Homo Aliens ?

Another Best of the possible Worlds? (Maybe Candide had a twin?)

Call it **Yin-Yang** (in chinese, **dark-bright**) duality

describes a philosophy how opposite forces are actually complementary, interconnected and interdependent in the natural world, and how they give rise to each other as they interrelate to one another,





$SU(3) \times SU(2) \times U(1)$ vs. $SU(3)' \times SU(2)' \times U(1)'$

Two parities

Fermions and anti-fermions :

$$q_L = \begin{pmatrix} u_L \\ d_L \end{pmatrix}, \quad l_L = \begin{pmatrix} \nu_L \\ e_L \end{pmatrix}; \quad u_R, d_R, \quad e_R$$

$B=1/3 \qquad L=1 \qquad B=1/3 \qquad L=1$



$$\bar{q}_R = \begin{pmatrix} \bar{u}_R \\ \bar{d}_R \end{pmatrix}, \quad \bar{l}_R = \begin{pmatrix} \bar{\nu}_R \\ \bar{e}_R \end{pmatrix}; \quad \bar{u}_L, \bar{d}_L, \quad \bar{e}_L$$

$B=-1/3 \qquad L=-1 \qquad B=-1/3 \qquad L=-1$



Twin Fermions and anti-fermions :

$$q'_L = \begin{pmatrix} u'_L \\ d'_L \end{pmatrix}, \quad l'_L = \begin{pmatrix} \nu'_L \\ e'_L \end{pmatrix}; \quad u'_R, d'_R, \quad e'_R$$

$B'=1/3 \qquad L'=1 \qquad B'=1/3 \qquad L'=1$



$$\bar{q}'_R = \begin{pmatrix} \bar{u}'_R \\ \bar{d}'_R \end{pmatrix}, \quad \bar{l}'_R = \begin{pmatrix} \bar{\nu}'_R \\ \bar{e}'_R \end{pmatrix}; \quad \bar{u}'_L, \bar{d}'_L, \quad \bar{e}'_L$$

$B'=-1/3 \qquad L'=-1 \qquad B'=-1/3 \qquad L'=-1$



$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{Yuk}} = \bar{u}_L Y_u q_L \bar{\phi} + \bar{d}_L Y_d q_L \phi + \bar{e}_L Y_e l_L \phi + \text{h.c.}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{Yuk}} = \bar{u}'_L Y'_u q'_L \bar{\phi}' + \bar{d}'_L Y'_d q'_L \phi' + \bar{e}'_L Y'_e l'_L \phi' + \text{h.c.}$$

$$Z_2 \text{ symmetry } (L, R \rightarrow L, R): \quad Y' = Y \quad B - B' \rightarrow -(B - B')$$

$$PZ_2 \text{ symmetry } (L, R \rightarrow R, L): \quad Y' = Y^* \quad B \square B' \rightarrow B' \square B'$$

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Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old and Gold ...

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Chapter II: Neutrino - mirror neutrino mixings

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Chapter IV: $n - n'$ and UHECR

Backup



$$SU(3) \times SU(2) \times U(1) + SU(3)' \times SU(2)' \times U(1)'$$

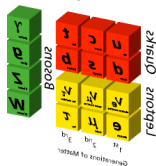
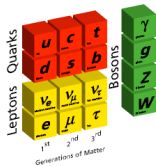
$$G \times G'$$

Regular world

Mirror world

Elementary Particles

Elementary Particles



- Two identical gauge factors, e.g. $SU(5) \times SU(5)'$, with identical field contents and Lagrangians: $\mathcal{L}_{\text{tot}} = \mathcal{L} + \mathcal{L}' + \mathcal{L}_{\text{mix}}$

- Exact parity $G \rightarrow G'$: no new parameters in dark Lagrangian \mathcal{L}'

- MM is dark (for us) and has the same gravity

- MM is identical to standard matter, (asymmetric/dissipative/atomic) but realized in somewhat different cosmological conditions: $T'/T \ll 1$.

- New interactions between O & M particles \mathcal{L}_{mix}

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A signal to new Astro/Particle Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old and Gold ...

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Chapter II: Neutrino - mirror neutrino mixings

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Backup



– All you need is ... M world colder than ours !

For a long time M matter was not considered as a real candidate for DM: naively assuming that exactly identical microphysics of O & M worlds implies also their cosmologies are exactly identical :

- $T' = T, \quad g'_* = g_* \quad \rightarrow \quad \Delta N_\nu^{\text{eff}} = 6.15 \quad \text{vs.} \quad \Delta N_\nu^{\text{eff}} < 0.5 \quad (\text{BBN})$
- $n'_B/n'_\gamma = n_B/n_\gamma \quad (\eta' = \eta) \quad \rightarrow \quad \Omega'_B = \Omega_B \quad \text{vs.} \quad \Omega'_B/\Omega_B \simeq 5 \quad (\text{DM})$

But all is OK if : Z.B., Dolgov, Mohapatra, 1995 (*broken* PZ_2)
Z.B., Comelli, Villante, 2000 (*exact* PZ_2)

- after inflation M world was born colder than O world, $T'_R < T_R$
- any interactions between M and O particles are feeble and cannot bring two sectors into equilibrium in later epochs
- two systems evolve adiabatically (no entropy production): $T'/T \simeq \text{const}$

$T'/T < 0.5$ from BBN, but cosmological limits $T'/T < 0.2$ or so.

$$x = T'/T \ll 1 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \text{in O sector} \quad 75\% \text{ H} + 25\% \text{ } ^4\text{He}$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad \text{in M world} \quad 25\% \text{ H}' + 75\% \text{ } ^4\text{He}'$$

For broken PZ_2 , DM can be compact H' atoms or n' with $m \simeq 5 \text{ GeV}$ or (sterile) mirror neutrinos $m \sim \text{few keV}$ Z.B., Dolgov, Mohapatra, 1995

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Rays:
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Astro/Particle
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and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

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Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 $n - n'$ and
UHECR

Backup



Brief Cosmology of Mirror World

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

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Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

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*Neutrino - mirror
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Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
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Chapter IV:
 $n - n'$ and
UHECR

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- CMB & (linear) structure formation epoch

Since $x = T'/T \ll 1$, mirror photons decouple before M-R equality:

$$z'_{\text{dec}} \simeq x^{-1} z_{\text{dec}} \simeq 1100 (T/T')$$

After that (and before M-reionization) M matter behaves as collisionless CDM and $T'/T < 0.2$ is consistent with Planck, BAO, Ly- α etc.

- **Cosmic dawn:** M world is colder (and helium dominated), the first M star can be formed earlier and reionize M sector ($z'_r \simeq 20$ or so vs $z_r = 10 \div 6$). – EDGES 21 cm at $z \simeq 17$?
Heavy first M stars ($M \sim 10^3 M_{\odot}$) and formation of central BH – Quasars?

- **Galaxy halos?** if $\Omega'_B \simeq \Omega_B$, M matter makes ~ 20 % of DM, forming dark disk, while ~ 80 % may come from other type of CDM (WIMP?)
But perhaps 100 % ? if $\Omega'_B \simeq 5\Omega_B$: – M world is helium dominated, and the star formation and evolution can be much faster. Halos could be viewed as mirror elliptical galaxies dominated by BH and M stars, with our matter forming disks inside.

Maybe not always: Galaxies with missing DM, or too many DM, etc. ?

Because of $T' < T$, the situation $\Omega'_B \simeq 5\Omega_B$ becomes plausible in baryogenesis. So, M matter can be dark matter (as we show below)



CMB and LSS power spectra

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Summary

Introduction: Old and Gold ...

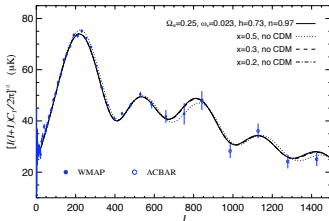
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Chapter III: neutron - mirror neutron mixing

Chapter IV: $n - n'$ and UHECR

Backup

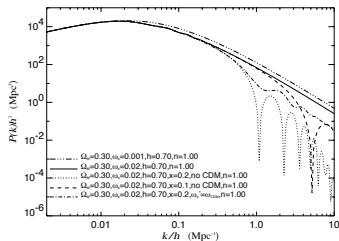
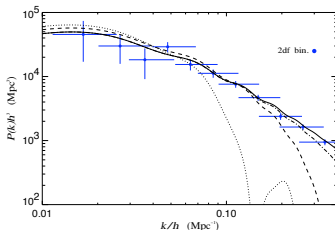


ZB, Ciarcelluti, Comelli, Villante, 2003

$$z'_{\text{dec}} \simeq x^{-1} z_{\text{dec}} \simeq 1100 (T/T')$$

← imprint of ΔN_{eff}

imprint of M-baryon oscillations



Acoustic oscillations and Silk damping scales: $x = 0.5, 0.3, 0.2$

$x < 0.2$: Galaxies with $M < 10^{8 \div 9} M_{\odot}$ will be damped



Can Mirror stars be progenitors of gravitational Wave bursts GW150914 etc. ?

Extremely Energetic Cosmic Rays:
A signal to new Astro/Particle Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark Matter from a Parallel World

Chapter II: Neutrino - mirror neutrino mixings

Chapter III: neutron - mirror neutron mixing

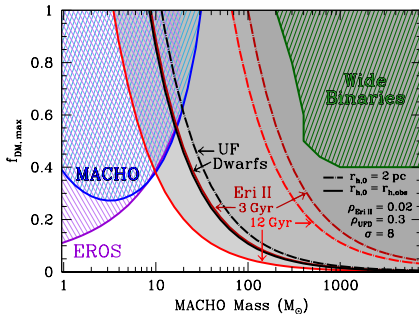
Chapter IV: $n - n'$ and UHECR

Backup

Picture of Galactic halos as mirror ellipticals (Einasto density profile?), O matter disk inside (M stars = Machos)

Microlensing limits: $f \sim 20 - 40 \%$ for $M = 1 - 10 M_{\odot}$,

$f \sim 100 \%$ is allowed for $M = 20 - 200 M_{\odot}$



GW events without any optical counterpart

Massive BH compact binaries, $M \sim 10 - 100 M_{\odot}$

Can such objects be formed from MM?

M matter: 25 % Hydrogen vs 75 % Helium: M stars more compact, less opaque, less mass loses by stellar wind and evolving much faster.

Appropriate for forming such BH binaries ? And perhaps large seeds for central BH in overdense regions?



Experimental and observational manifestations

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 $n - n'$ and
UHECR

Backup

A. Cosmological implications. $T'/T < 0.2$ or so, $\Omega'_B/\Omega_B = 1 \div 5$.

Mass fraction: H' – 25%, He' – 75%, and few % of heavier C', N', O' etc.

- Mirror baryons as **asymmetric/collisional/dissipative/atomic** dark matter: M hydrogen recombination and M baryon acoustic oscillations?
- Easier formation and faster evolution of stars: Dark matter disk? Galaxy halo as mirror elliptical galaxy? Microlensing ? Neutron stars? Black Holes? Binary Black Holes? Central Black Holes?

B. Direct detection. M matter can interact with ordinary matter e.g. via kinetic mixing $\epsilon F^{\mu\nu} F'_{\mu\nu}$, etc. Mirror helium as most abundant mirror matter particles (the region of DM masses below 5 GeV is practically unexplored). Possible signals from heavier nuclei C,N,O etc.

C. Oscillation phenomena between ordinary and mirror particles.

The most interesting interaction terms in \mathcal{L}_{mix} are the ones which violate B and L of both sectors. **Neutral particles, elementary (as e.g. neutrino) or composite (as the neutron or hydrogen atom) can mix with their mass degenerate (sterile) twins:** matter disappearance (or appearance) phenomena can be observable in laboratories.

In the Early Universe, these B and/or L violating interactions can give primordial baryogenesis and dark matter genesis, with $\Omega'_B/\Omega_B = 1 \div 5$.



Possible portals to Mirror World: \mathcal{L}_{mix}

these terms can be limited (only) by experiment/cosmology !

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Summary

Introduction: Old and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark Matter from a Parallel World

Chapter II: Neutrino - mirror neutrino mixings

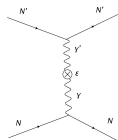
Chapter III: neutron - mirror neutron mixing

Chapter IV: $n - n'$ and UHECR

Backup

- **Kinetic mixing of photons** $\epsilon F^{\mu\nu} F'_{\mu\nu}$
Makes mirror matter nanocharged ($q \sim \epsilon$)
 $\epsilon < 3 \times 10^{-7}$ (EXP) $\epsilon < 5 \times 10^{-9}$ (COSM)

GUT: $\frac{1}{M^2} (\Sigma G^{\mu\nu})(\Sigma' G'_{\mu\nu}) \quad \epsilon \sim \left(\frac{M_{\text{GUT}}}{M}\right)^2$



Can induce galactic magnetic fields **Z.B., Dolgov, Tkachev, 2013**

- **Higgs-Higgs' coupling** $\lambda(\phi^\dagger\phi)(\phi'^\dagger\phi')$
 $\lambda < 10^{-7}$ (COSM)

SUSY: $\frac{1}{M}(\phi_1\phi_2)(\phi'_1\phi'_2)$
 $\lambda \sim M_{\text{SUSY}}/M$

or NMSSM (Twin Higgs)
 $\lambda S(\phi_1\phi_2 + \phi'_1\phi'_2) + \Lambda S + \dots$

- **Neutrino-neutrino'** (active-sterile) **mixing** – discussed later
- **Neutron-neutron'** **mixing** – discussed later



Chapter II

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 $n - n'$ and
UHECR

Backup

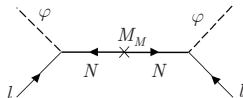
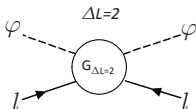
Chapter II

Neutrino – mirror neutrino mixings

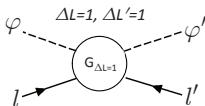


B-L violation in O and M sectors: Active-sterile mixing

- $\frac{1}{M}(l\bar{\phi})(l\bar{\phi})$ ($\Delta L = 2$) – neutrino (seesaw) masses $m_\nu \sim v^2/M$
M is the (seesaw) scale of new physics beyond EW scale.



- Neutrino -mirror neutrino mixing** – (active - sterile mixing)
L and L' violation: $\frac{1}{M}(l\bar{\phi})(l\bar{\phi})$, $\frac{1}{M}(l'\bar{\phi}')(l'\bar{\phi}')$ and $\frac{1}{M}(l\bar{\phi})(l'\bar{\phi}')$



Mirror neutrinos are natural candidates for sterile neutrinos



Co-leptogenesis: B-L violating interactions between O and M worlds

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

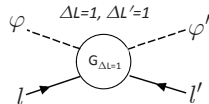
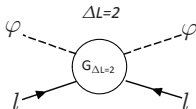
Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 $n - n'$ and
UHECR

Backup

L and L' violating operators $\frac{1}{M}(l\bar{\phi})(l\bar{\phi})$ and $\frac{1}{M}(l\bar{\phi})(l'\bar{\phi}')$ lead to processes $l\phi \rightarrow \bar{l}\bar{\phi}$ ($\Delta L = 2$) and $l\phi \rightarrow \bar{l}'\bar{\phi}'$ ($\Delta L = 1, \Delta L' = 1$)



After inflation, our world is heated and mirror world is empty: but ordinary particle scatterings transform them into mirror particles, heating also mirror world.

- These processes should be **out-of-equilibrium**
- **Violate** baryon numbers in both worlds, $B - L$ and $B' - L'$
- **Violate** also CP, given complex couplings

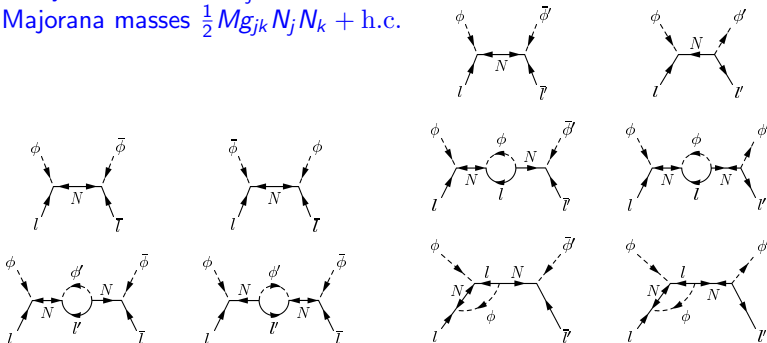
Green light to celebrated conditions of Sakharov



Co-leptogenesis:

Z.B. and Bento, PRL 87, 231304 (2001)

Operators $\frac{1}{M}(l\bar{\phi})(l\bar{\phi})$ and $\frac{1}{M}(l\bar{\phi})(l'\bar{\phi}')$ via seesaw mechanism – heavy RH neutrinos N_j with Majorana masses $\frac{1}{2}Mg_{jk}N_jN_k + \text{h.c.}$



Complex Yukawa couplings $Y_{ij}l_iN_j\bar{\phi} + Y'_{ij}l'_iN_j\bar{\phi}' + \text{h.c.}$

Z_2 (Xerox) symmetry $\rightarrow Y' = Y$,

PZ_2 (Mirror) symmetry $\rightarrow Y' = Y^*$

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Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark Matter from a Parallel World

Chapter II: Neutrino - mirror neutrino mixings

Chapter III: neutron - mirror neutron mixing

Chapter IV: $n - n'$ and UHECR

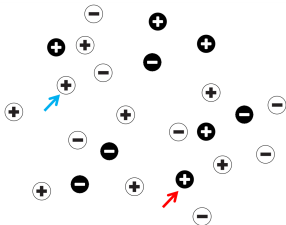
Backup



Co-leptogenesis: Mirror Matter as Dark Anti-Matter

Z.B., arXiv:1602.08599

Hot O World \rightarrow *Cold M World*



$$\frac{dn_{\text{BL}}}{dt} + (3H + \Gamma)n_{\text{BL}} = \Delta\sigma n_{\text{eq}}^2$$

$$\frac{dn'_{\text{BL}}}{dt} + (3H + \Gamma')n'_{\text{BL}} = -\Delta\sigma' n_{\text{eq}}^2$$

$$\sigma(l\phi \rightarrow \bar{l}\bar{\phi}) - \sigma(\bar{l}\bar{\phi} \rightarrow l\phi) = \Delta\sigma$$

$$\sigma(l\phi \rightarrow \bar{l}'\bar{\phi}') - \sigma(\bar{l}'\bar{\phi}' \rightarrow l'\phi') = -(\Delta\sigma + \Delta\sigma')/2 \rightarrow 0 \quad (\Delta\sigma = 0)$$

$$\sigma(l\phi \rightarrow l'\phi') - \sigma(\bar{l}'\bar{\phi}' \rightarrow \bar{l}\bar{\phi}) = -(\Delta\sigma - \Delta\sigma')/2 \rightarrow \Delta\sigma \quad (0)$$

$$\Delta\sigma = \text{Im Tr}[g^{-1}(Y^\dagger Y)^* g^{-1}(Y'^\dagger Y') g^{-2}(Y^\dagger Y)] \times T^2/M^4$$

$$\Delta\sigma' = \Delta\sigma(Y \rightarrow Y')$$

$$\text{Mirror (} PZ_2 \text{): } Y' = Y^* \rightarrow \Delta\sigma' = -\Delta\sigma \rightarrow B, B' > 0$$

$$\text{Xerox (} Z_2 \text{): } Y' = Y \rightarrow \Delta\sigma' = \Delta\sigma = 0 \rightarrow B, B' = 0$$

$$\text{If } k = \left(\frac{\Gamma}{H}\right)_{T=T_R} \ll 1, \text{ neglecting } \Gamma \text{ in eqs} \rightarrow n_{\text{BL}} = n'_{\text{BL}}$$

$$\Omega'_B = \Omega_B \simeq 10^3 \frac{JM_{\text{Pl}} T_R^3}{M^4} \simeq 10^3 J \left(\frac{T_R}{10^{11} \text{ GeV}}\right)^3 \left(\frac{10^{13} \text{ GeV}}{M}\right)^4$$

Extremely Energetic Cosmic Rays: A signal to new Astro/Particle Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark Matter from a Parallel World

Chapter II: Neutrino - mirror neutrino mixings

Chapter III: neutron - mirror neutron mixing

Chapter IV: $n - n'$ and UHECR

Backup



Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

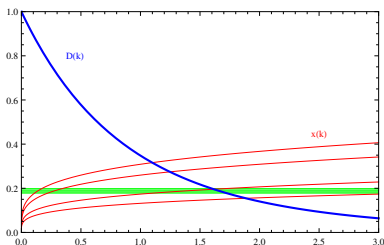
Chapter IV:
*n - n' and
UHECR*

Backup

If $k = \left(\frac{\Gamma_2}{H}\right)_{T=T_R} \sim 1$, Boltzmann Eqs.

$$\frac{dn_{\text{BL}}}{dt} + (3H + \Gamma)n_{\text{BL}} = \Delta\sigma n_{\text{eq}}^2 \quad \frac{dn'_{\text{BL}}}{dt} + (3H + \Gamma')n'_{\text{BL}} = \Delta\sigma n_{\text{eq}}^2$$

should be solved with Γ :



$D(k) = \Omega_B/\Omega'_B$, $x(k) = T'/T$ for different $g_*(T_R)$ and Γ_1/Γ_2 .

So we obtain $\Omega'_B = 5\Omega_B$ when $m'_B = m_B$ but $n'_B = 5n_B$
– the reason: mirror world is colder



Chapter III

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron – mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 $n - n'$ and
UHECR

Backup

Chapter III

Neutron – mirror neutron mixing



B violating operators between O and M particles in \mathcal{L}_{mix}

Extremely Energetic Cosmic Rays:
A signal to new Astro/Particle Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark Matter from a Parallel World

Chapter II: Neutrino - mirror neutrino mixings

Chapter III: neutron - mirror neutron mixing

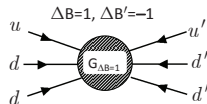
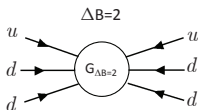
Chapter IV: $n - n'$ and UHECR

Backup

Ordinary quarks u, d (antiquarks \bar{u}, \bar{d})
Mirror quarks u', d' (antiquarks \bar{u}', \bar{d}')

- Neutron -mirror neutron mixing – (Active - sterile neutrons)

$$\frac{1}{M^5} (udd)(udd) \quad \& \quad \frac{1}{M^5} (udd)(u'd'd')$$



Oscillations $n \rightarrow \bar{n}$ ($\Delta B = 2$)

Oscillations $n \rightarrow \bar{n}'$ ($\Delta B = 1, \Delta B' = -1$) $B + B'$ is conserved



Neutron– antineutron mixing

Extremely Energetic Cosmic Rays:
A signal to new Astro/Particle Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark Matter from a Parallel World

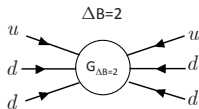
Chapter II: Neutrino - mirror neutrino mixings

Chapter III: neutron - mirror neutron mixing

Chapter IV: $n - n'$ and UHECR

Backup

Majorana mass of neutron $\epsilon(n^T C n + \bar{n}^T C \bar{n})$ violating B by two units comes from six-fermions effective operator $\frac{1}{M^5}(udd)(udd)$



It causes transition $n(udd) \rightarrow \bar{n}(\bar{u}\bar{d}\bar{d})$, with oscillation time $\tau = \epsilon^{-1}$

$$\epsilon = \langle n|(udd)(udd)|\bar{n} \rangle \sim \frac{\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}^6}{M^5} \sim \left(\frac{100 \text{ TeV}}{M}\right)^5 \times 10^{-25} \text{ eV}$$

Key moment: $n - \bar{n}$ oscillation destabilizes nuclei:
 $(A, Z) \rightarrow (A - 1, \bar{n}, Z) \rightarrow (A - 2, Z/Z - 1) + \pi$'s

Present bounds on ϵ from nuclear stability

$\epsilon < 1.2 \times 10^{-24} \text{ eV}$	\rightarrow	$\tau > 1.3 \times 10^8 \text{ s}$	Fe, Soudan 2002
$\epsilon < 2.5 \times 10^{-24} \text{ eV}$	\rightarrow	$\tau > 2.7 \times 10^8 \text{ s}$	O, SK 2015
$\epsilon < 7.5 \times 10^{-24} \text{ eV}$	\rightarrow	$\tau > 0.9 \times 10^8 \text{ s}$	direct limit free n



Neutron – mirror neutron mixing

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

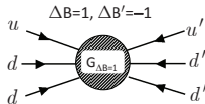
Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron – mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
*n – n' and
UHECR*

Backup

Effective operator $\frac{1}{M^5}(udd)(u'd'd')$ \rightarrow mass mixing $\epsilon n C n' + \text{h.c.}$
violating B and B' – but conserving $B - B'$



$$\epsilon = \langle n | (udd)(u'd'd') | \bar{n}' \rangle \sim \frac{\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}^6}{M^5} \sim \left(\frac{1 \text{ TeV}}{M} \right)^5 \times 10^{-10} \text{ eV}$$

Key observation: $n - \bar{n}'$ oscillation cannot destabilise nuclei:
 $(A, Z) \rightarrow (A - 1, Z) + n' (p' e' \bar{\nu}')$ forbidden by energy conservation
(In principle, it can destabilise Neutron Stars)

For $m_n = m_{n'}$, $n - \bar{n}'$ oscillation can be as fast as $\epsilon^{-1} = \tau_{n\bar{n}'} \sim 1 \text{ s}$
without contradicting experimental and astrophysical limits.
(c.f. $\tau > 10 \text{ yr}$ for neutron – antineutron oscillation)

Neutron disappearance $n \rightarrow \bar{n}'$ and regeneration $n \rightarrow \bar{n}' \rightarrow n$
can be searched at small scale 'Table Top' experiments



Neutron – mirror neutron oscillation probability

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron – mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
*n – n' and
UHECR*

Backup

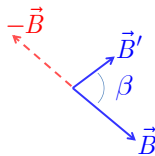
$$H = \begin{pmatrix} m_n + \mu_n \mathbf{B} \sigma & \epsilon \\ \epsilon & m_n + \mu_n \mathbf{B}' \sigma \end{pmatrix}$$

The probability of n-n' transition depends on the relative orientation of magnetic and mirror-magnetic fields. The latter can exist if mirror matter is captured by the Earth

$$P_B(t) = p_B(t) + d_B(t) \cdot \cos \beta$$

$$p(t) = \frac{\sin^2 [(\omega - \omega')t]}{2\tau^2(\omega - \omega')^2} + \frac{\sin^2 [(\omega + \omega')t]}{2\tau^2(\omega + \omega')^2}$$

$$d(t) = \frac{\sin^2 [(\omega - \omega')t]}{2\tau^2(\omega - \omega')^2} - \frac{\sin^2 [(\omega + \omega')t]}{2\tau^2(\omega + \omega')^2}$$



where $\omega = \frac{1}{2}|\mu B|$ and $\omega' = \frac{1}{2}|\mu B'|$; τ - oscillation time

$$A_B^{\text{det}}(t) = \frac{N_{-B}(t) - N_B(t)}{N_{-B}(t) + N_B(t)} = N_{\text{collis}} d_B(t) \cdot \cos \beta \leftarrow \text{asymmetry}$$

A and E are expected to depend on magnetic field

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold ...

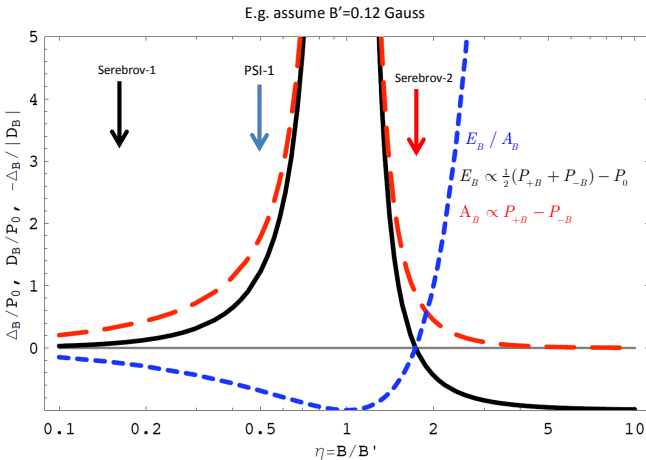
Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
*n - n' and
UHECR*

Backup





Earth mirror magnetic field via the electron drag mechanism

Extremely Energetic Cosmic Rays:
A signal to new Astro/Particle Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old and Gold

Chapter I: Dark Matter from a Parallel World

Chapter II: Neutrino - mirror neutrino mixings

Chapter III: neutron - mirror neutron mixing

Chapter IV: $n - n'$ and UHECR

Backup



Earth can accumulate some, even tiny amount of mirror matter due to Rutherford-like scattering of mirror matter due to photon-mirror photon kinetic mixing.

Rotation of the Earth drags mirror electrons but not mirror protons (ions) since the latter are much heavier.

Circular electric currents emerge which can generate magnetic field. Modifying mirror Maxwell equations by the source (drag) term, one gets $B' \sim \epsilon^2 \times 10^{15}$ G before dynamo, and even larger after dynamo.

Such mechanism can also induce cosmological magnetic fields

Z.B., Dolgov, Tkachev, 2013



Experiments

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
*n - n' and
UHECR*

Backup

Several experiments were done, 3 by PSI group, most sensitive by the Serebrov's group at ILL, with 190 l beryllium plated trap for UCN





Experimental Strategy

Extremely Energetic Cosmic Rays:
A signal to new Astro/Particle Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark Matter from a Parallel World

Chapter II: Neutrino - mirror neutrino mixings

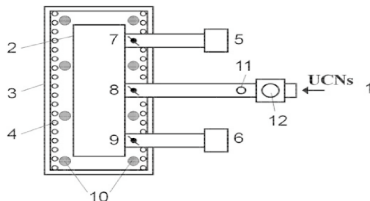
Chapter III: neutron - mirror neutron mixing

Chapter IV: $n - n'$ and UHECR

Backup

To store neutrons and to measure if the amount of the survived ones depends on the magnetic field applied.

- Fill the Trap with the UCN
- Close the valve
- Wait for T_S (300 s ...)
- Open the valve
- Count the survived Neutrons



Repeat this for different orientation and values of Magnetic field.

$$N_B(T_S) = N(0) \exp [- (\Gamma + R + \bar{P}_B \nu) T_S]$$

$$\frac{N_{B1}(T_S)}{N_{B2}(T_S)} = \exp [(\bar{P}_{B2} - \bar{P}_{B1}) \nu T_S]$$

So if we find that:

$$A(B, T_S) = \frac{N_B(T_S) - N_{-B}(T_S)}{N_B(T_S) + N_{-B}(T_S)} \neq 0 \quad E(B, b, T_S) = \frac{N_B(T_S)}{N_b(T_S)} - 1 \neq 0$$



Serebrov III – Drifts of detector and monitor counts

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

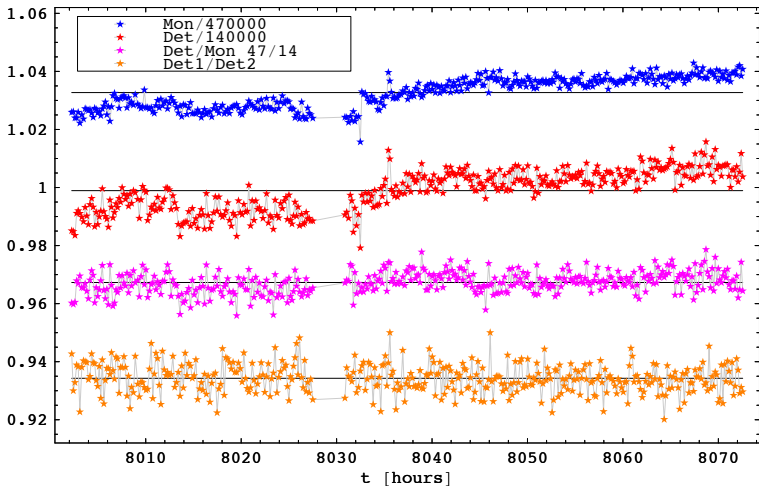
Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 $n - n'$ and
UHECR

Backup

Exp. sequence: $\{B_-, B_+, B_+, B_-, B_+, B_-, B_-, B_+\}$, $B = 0.2$ G





Serebrov III – magnetic field vertical

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

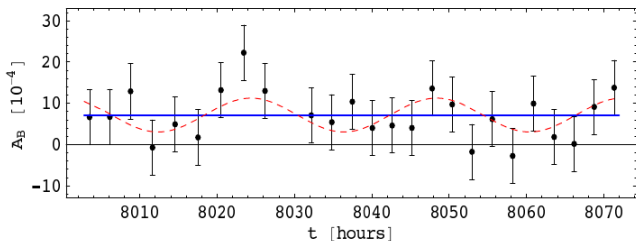
Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 *$n - n'$ and
UHECR*

Backup

Exp. sequence: $\{B_-, B_+, B_+, B_-, B_+, B_-, B_-, B_+\}$, $B = 0.2$ G



Analysis pointed out the presence of a signal:

$$A(B) = (7.0 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-4} \quad \chi^2_{/dof} = 0.9 \longrightarrow 5.2\sigma$$

interpretable by $n \rightarrow n'$ with $\tau_{nn'} \sim 2 - 10s'$ and $B' \sim 0.1G$

Z.B. and Nesti, 2012



My own experiment at ILL – Z.B., Biondi, Geltenbort et al. 2018

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

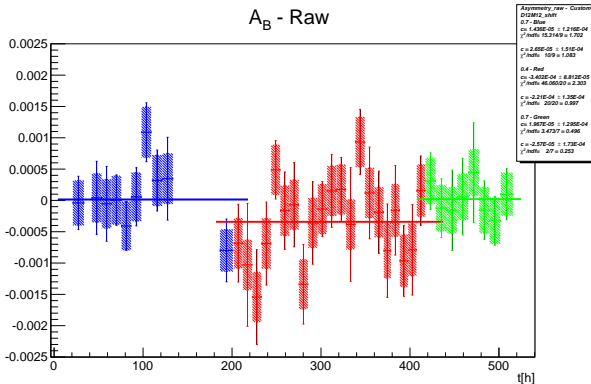
Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron – mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
*n – n' and
UHECR*

Backup

A_B - Raw



$4\sigma \rightarrow 2.5\sigma$ effect



Exp. limits on $n - n'$ oscillation time – ZB et al, Eur. Phys. J. C. 2018

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Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold ...

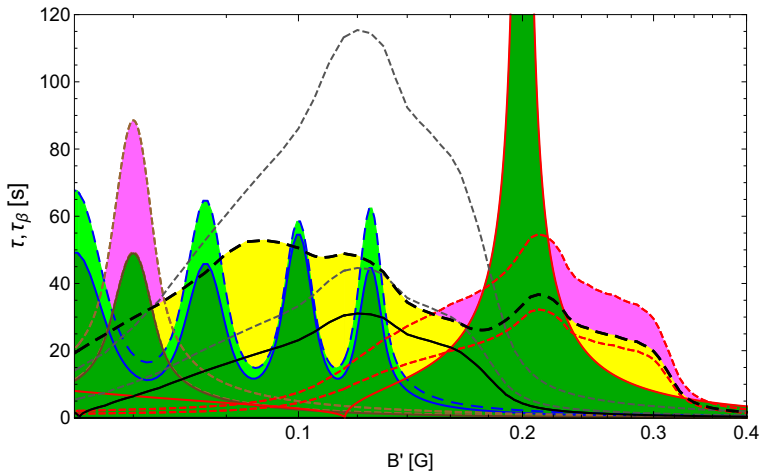
Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron – mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 $n - n'$ and
UHECR

Backup





Free Neutrons: Where to find Them ?

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 *$n - n'$ and
UHECR*

Backup

Neutrons are making 1/7 fraction of baryon mass in the Universe.

But most of neutrons bound in nuclei

$n \rightarrow \bar{n}'$ or $n' \rightarrow \bar{n}$ conversions can be seen only with free neutrons.

Free neutrons are present only in

- Reactors and Spallation Facilities
- In Cosmic Rays
- During BBN epoch (fast $n' \rightarrow \bar{n}$ can solve Lithium problem)

– Transition $n \rightarrow \bar{n}'$ can take place for (gravitationally) Neutron Stars – conversion of NS into mixed ordinary/mirror NS



Chapter IV

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 *$n - n'$ and
UHECR*

Backup

Chapter IV

$n - n'$ and UHECR



UHECR as protons and GZK cutoff

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
*n - n' and
UHECR*

Backup

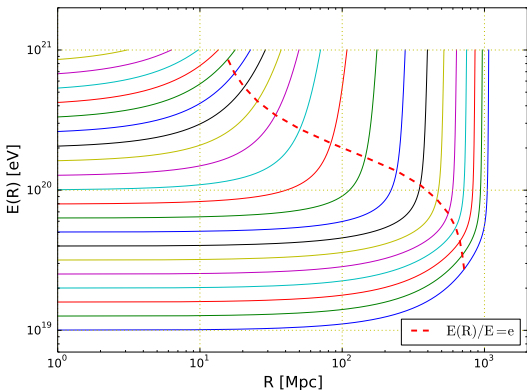
GZK cutoff:

Photo-pion production on the CMB if $E > E_{\text{GZK}} \approx \frac{m_{\pi} m_p}{\epsilon_{\text{CMB}}} \approx 6 \times 10^{19} \text{ eV}$:

$p + \gamma \rightarrow p + \pi^0$ (or $n + \pi^+$), $l_{\text{mfp}} \sim 5 \text{ Mpc}$ for $E > 10^{20} \text{ eV} = 100 \text{ EeV}$

Neutron decay: $n \rightarrow p + e + \bar{\nu}_e$, $l_{\text{dec}} = \left(\frac{E}{100 \text{ EeV}}\right) \text{ Mpc}$

Neutron on CMB scattering: $n + \gamma \rightarrow n + \pi^0$ (or $p + \pi^-$)





UHECR as nuclei

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Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

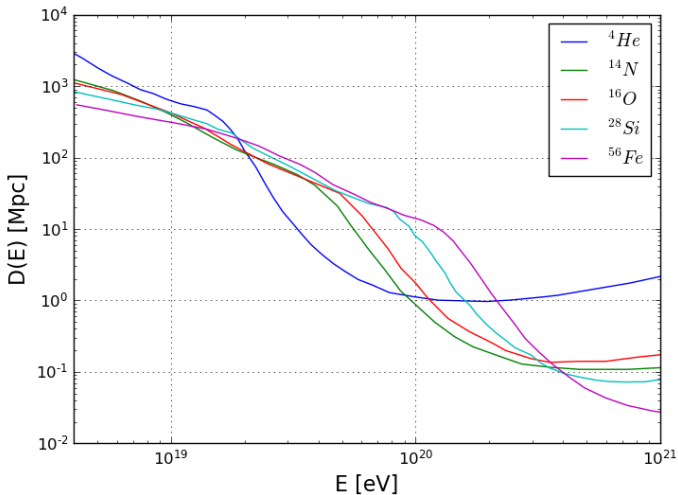
Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 *$n - n'$ and
UHECR*

Backup





UHECR and GZK cutoff

Extremely Energetic Cosmic Rays:
A signal to new Astro/Particle Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark Matter from a Parallel World

Chapter II: Neutrino - mirror neutrino mixings

Chapter III: neutron - mirror neutron mixing

Chapter IV: $n - n'$ and UHECR

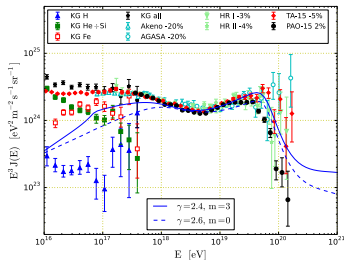
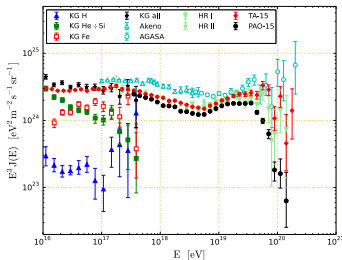
Backup

Two giant detectors see UHECR spectra different at $E > E_{GZK}$

Pierre Auger Observatory (PAO) – South hemisphere

Telescope Array (TA) – North hemisphere

At $E < E_{GZK}$ two spectra are perfectly coincident by relative energy shift $\approx 8\%$



+ older detectors: AGASA, HiRes, etc. (all in north hemisphere)

Events with $E > 100$ EeV were observed

Cosmic Zevatrons exist in the Universe – but where is the GZK cutoff? ↻ 🔍



But also other discrepancies are mounting ...

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 $n - n'$ and
UHECR

Backup

- **Who are carriers of UHECR ?**

PAO and TA see different chemical content: TA is compatible with protons below 10 EeV, PAO insists UHECR become heavier nuclei above $E > 10$ EeV or so – **perhaps new physics ?**

- **Different anistropies from North and South ?**

TA excludes isotropic distribution at $E > 57$ EeV, observes hot spot for events $E > E_{GZK}$ (which spot is colder for $E < E_{GZK}$) . PAO anisotropies not prominent: warm spot around Cen A, and small dipole for $E > 10$ EeV – **are two skies really different ?**

- **From where highest energy events do come ?**

$E > 100$ EeV are expected from local supercluster (Virgo, Fornax, UM, PP etc.) and closeby structures. But they do not come from these directions. TA observes small angle correlation for $E > 100$ EeV events (2 doublets), which may indicate towards strong source – **from where they come?**

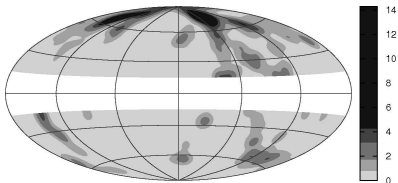
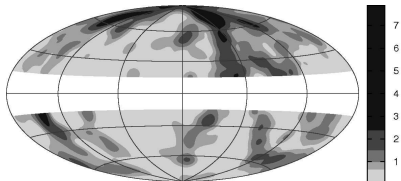
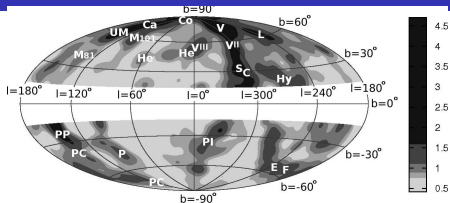
- **Excess of cosmogenic photons ?**

Standard GZK mechanism of UHECR produces too much cascades – contradicts to Fermi-LAT photon spectrum at $E \sim 1$ TeV – **local Fog ?**



From where highest energy CR are expected ?

For protons with $E > 40, 60$ and 100 EeV (Plots by Tynyakov)



Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 $n - n'$ and
UHECR

Backup



$n - n'$ oscillation and UHECR propagation

Extremely Energetic Cosmic Rays:
A signal to new Astro/Particle Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old and Gold ...

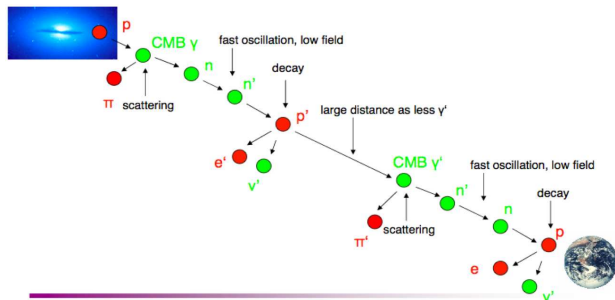
Chapter I: Dark Matter from a Parallel World

Chapter II: Neutrino - mirror neutrino mixings

Chapter III: neutron - mirror neutron mixing

Chapter IV: $n - n'$ and UHECR

Backup



Z. Berezhiani, L. Bento, Fast neutron – Mirror neutron oscillation and ultra high energy cosmic rays, Phys. Lett. B 635, 253 (2006).

A. $p + \gamma \rightarrow p + \pi^0$ or $p + \gamma \rightarrow n + \pi^+$ $P_{pp,pn} \approx 0.5$ $l_{\text{mfp}} \sim 5 \text{ Mpc}$

B. $n \rightarrow n'$ $P_{nn'} \simeq 0.5$ $l_{\text{osc}} \sim \left(\frac{E}{100 \text{ EeV}}\right) \text{ kpc}$

C. $n' \rightarrow p' + e' + \bar{\nu}'_e$ $l_{\text{dec}} \approx \left(\frac{E}{100 \text{ EeV}}\right) \text{ Mpc}$

D. $p' + \gamma' \rightarrow p' + \pi'^0$ or $p' + \gamma' \rightarrow n' + \pi'^+$ $l'_{\text{mfp}} \sim (T/T')^3 l_{\text{mfp}} \gg 5 \text{ Mpc}$



Ordinary and Mirror UHECR

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Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

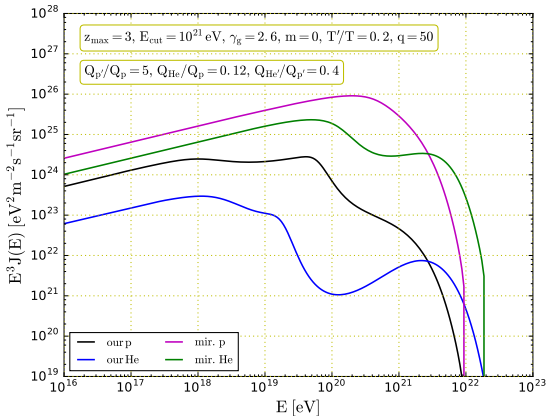
Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 *$n - n'$ and
UHECR*

Backup

$$\frac{n'_{\text{CMB}}}{n_{\text{CMB}}} = \left(\frac{T'}{T}\right)^3 \ll 1 \quad \longrightarrow \quad \frac{\ell'_{\text{mfp}}}{\ell_{\text{mfp}}} \simeq \left(\frac{T}{T'}\right)^3 \gg 1$$





$n - n'$ oscillation in the UHECR propagation

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A signal to new Astro/Particle Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark Matter from a Parallel World

Chapter II: Neutrino - mirror neutrino mixings

Chapter III: neutron - mirror neutron mixing

Chapter IV: $n - n'$ and UHECR

Backup

Baryon number is **not conserved** in propagation of the UHECR

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} \mu_n \mathbf{B} \sigma & \epsilon \\ \epsilon & \mu_n \mathbf{B}' \sigma \end{pmatrix} \times (\gamma = E/m_n)$$

In the intergalactic space magnetic fields are extremely small ... but for relativistic neutrons transverse component of B is enhanced by Lorentz factor: $B_{\text{tr}} = \gamma B$ ($\gamma \sim 10^{11}$ for $E \sim 100$ EeV)

Average oscillation probability:

$$P_{nn'} = \sin^2 2\theta_{nn'} \sin^2(\ell/\ell_{\text{osc}}) \simeq \frac{1}{2} [1 + Q(E)]^{-1} \quad \tan 2\theta_{nn'} = \frac{2\epsilon}{\gamma \mu_n \Delta B}$$

$$Q = (\gamma \Delta B / 2\epsilon)^2 \approx 0.5 \left(\frac{\tau_{nn'}}{1 \text{ s}}\right)^2 \left(\frac{\Delta B}{1 \text{ fG}}\right)^2 \left(\frac{E}{100 \text{ EeV}}\right)^2 \quad \Delta B = |B_{\text{tr}} - B'_{\text{tr}}|$$

$$\text{If } q = 0.5 \left(\frac{\tau_{nn'}}{1 \text{ s}}\right)^2 \left(\frac{\Delta B}{1 \text{ fG}}\right)^2 < 1,$$

$n - n'$ oscillation becomes effective for $E = 100$ EeV



Swiss Cheese Model: Mirror CRs are transformed into ordinaries in nearby Voids. *Z.B., Biondi, Gazizov, 2019*

Extremely Energetic Cosmic Rays:
A signal to new Astro/Particle Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark Matter from a Parallel World

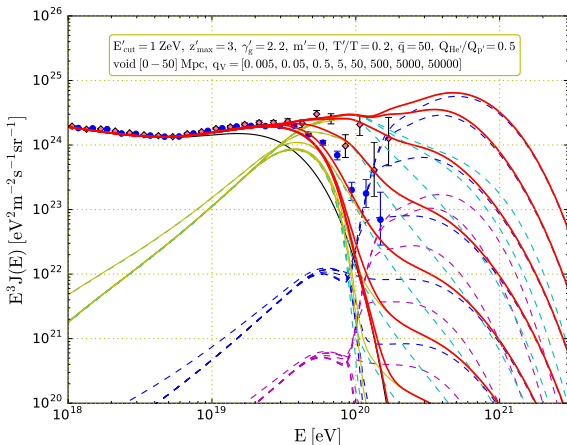
Chapter II: Neutrino - mirror neutrino mixings

Chapter III: neutron - mirror neutron mixing

Chapter IV: $n - n'$ and UHECR

Backup

Adjacent Void (0–50 Mpc) $q = 0.5 \times \left(\frac{\tau_{nn'}}{1 \text{ s}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{B_{\text{tr}} - B'_{\text{tr}}}{1 \text{ fG}} \right)^2$





Earlier (than GZK) cutoff in cosmic rays

Extremely Energetic Cosmic Rays:
A signal to new Astro/Particle Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark Matter from a Parallel World

Chapter II: Neutrino - mirror neutrino mixings

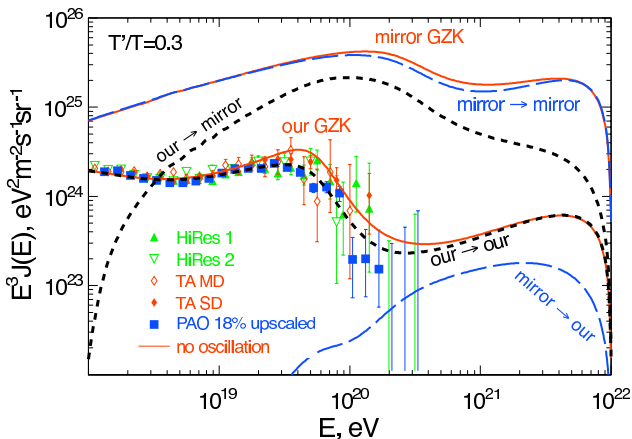
Chapter III: neutron - mirror neutron mixing

Chapter IV: $n - n'$ and UHECR

Backup

Z.B. and Gazizov, Neutron Oscillations to Parallel World: Earlier End to the Cosmic Ray Spectrum? Eur. Phys. J. C 72, 2111 (2012)

Baryon number is not conserved in propagation of the UHECR





Swiss cheese: More distant Void (50–100 Mpc)

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Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold ...

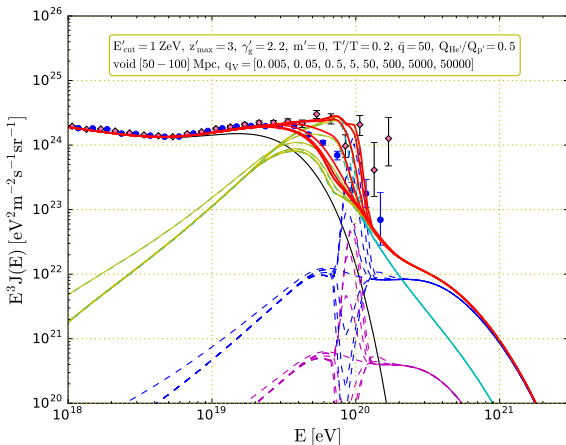
Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
*n - n' and
UHECR*

Backup



Is northern sky (TA) is more "voidy" than the Southern sky (PAO) ?
Interestingly, some 20–30% admixture of protons above the GZK energies
improves the "chemical" fit also for PAO data [Muzio et al. 2019](#)



Are North Sky and South Sky different ?

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Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

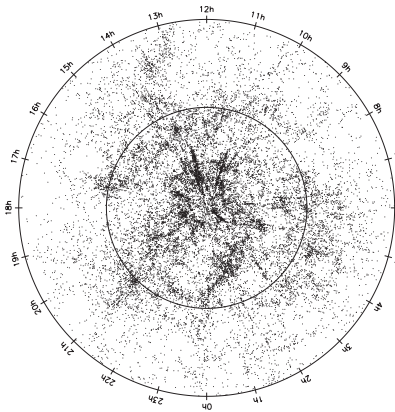
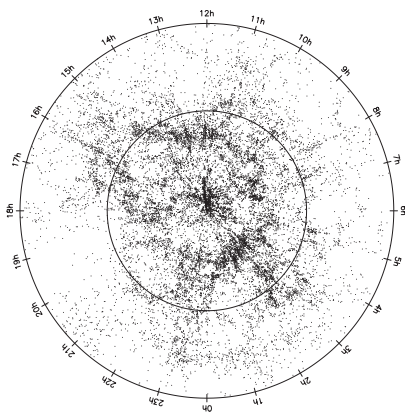
Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 $n - n'$ and
UHECR

Backup



The northern sky is well structured, dominated by LSC at the center, and the Great Wall and Pisces-Perseus ... The southern hemisphere is more amorphous. There is a Cetus Wall, southern part of LSC at the center, Hydra-Centaurus region but also a large and diffuse overdensity between 19 and 22 h ... "Hockey Puck" diagrams from [Huchra et al., 2Mass](#)



Arrival directions TA and PAO events of $E > 100$ EeV

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

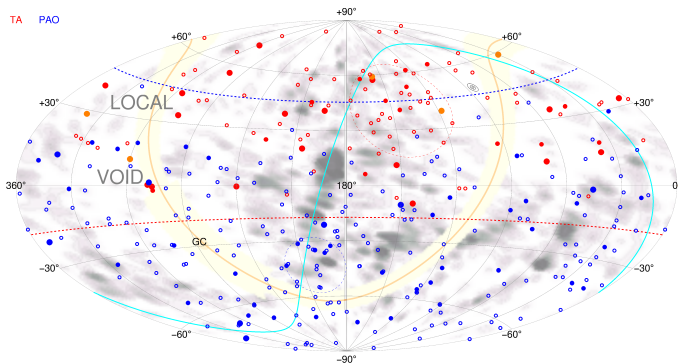
Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 $n - n'$ and
UHECR

Backup

TA 2008-14 ● $E > 100$ EeV, ● $79 \div 100$ EeV, ○ $57 \div 79$ EeV
PAO 2004-14 the same for $E_r = 1.1 \times E$





TA & PAO events:

correlations with sources (AGN & radiogalaxies) and mass

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Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

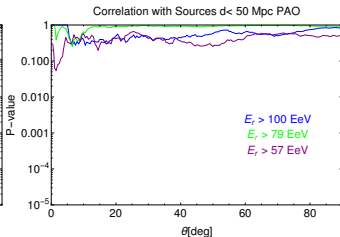
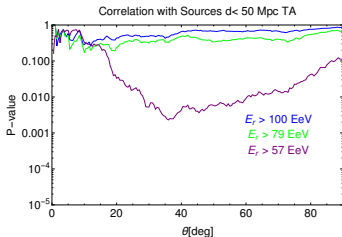
Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

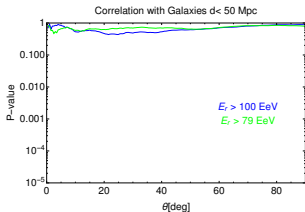
Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 *$n - n'$ and
UHECR*

Backup



Transient sources (GRB?)



$$E_r = E \text{ (TA)}, \quad E_r = 1.1 \cdot E \text{ (PAO)}$$



TA & PAO events: autocorrelations & with tracers

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Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold ...

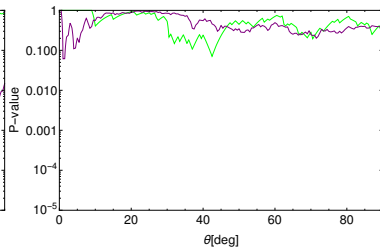
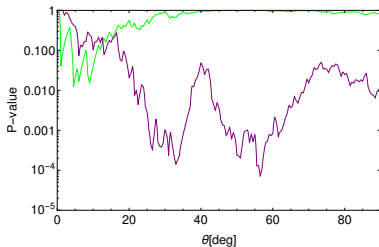
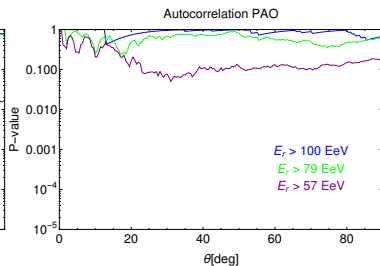
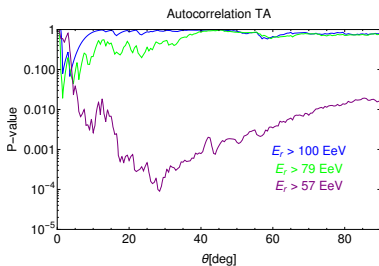
Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 *$n - n'$ and
UHECR*

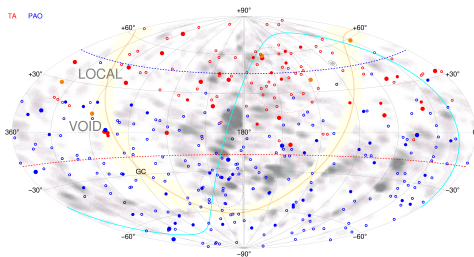
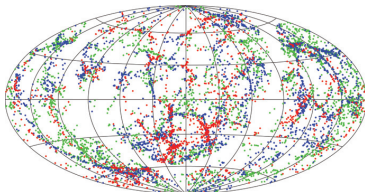
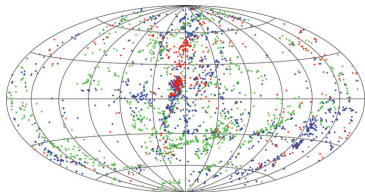
Backup





Local structure – Mass2 catalogue

● 0-15 ● 15-30 ● 30-45 (d [Mpc]) ● 45-60 ● 60-75 ● 75-90



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Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
*n - n' and
UHECR*

Backup



Summary

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 $n - n'$ and
UHECR

Backup

The UHECR spectra observed by TA and PAO are perfectly concordant (after 10% rescaling) at energies up to 10 EeV ... but become increasingly discordant at higher energies, very strongly above the GZK cutoff (60 EeV)

The discrepancy can be due to difference between the N- and S-skies ...
N-sky is well structured, with prominent overdensities and large voids
inbetween S-sky is more amorphous with diffused galaxies ...

It is unlikely that PAO-TA discrepancy is due to different power of sources within the GZK radius (no correlation with the mass distribution at highest energies $E > 79$ EeV, no event from the Virgo or Fornax clusters, etc.)

But it can be explained in "Swiss Cheese" model: the highest energy UHECR are born from mirror UHECR in nearby holes within the GZK radius (Voids = small magnetic field) via $n' - n$ conversion

The TA signal at super-GZK energies is boosted by prominent Voids in N-hemisphere. This can also explain intermediate scale anisotropies (20-30 degrees) in the TA arrival directions while the PAO data show non ...
Interestingly, the TA/PAO spectra are concordant in the common sky ...

Our hypothesis is testable by analyzing the new data of TA/PAO at higher statistics (e.g. studying the average h_{\max} and its RMS in the common sky)



Summary

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 *$n - n'$ and
UHECR*

Backup

$n - n'$ conversion also has interesting implications for the neutron stars (gradual conversion of the neutron stars into mixed ordinary-mirror stars till achieving "fifty-fifty" mixed twin star configuration with $\sqrt{2}$ times smaller radius and $\sqrt{2}$ smaller maximal mass

Remarkably, it can be tested in laboratories via looking for anomalous (magnetic field dependent) disappearance of the neutrons (for which there already exist some experimental indications, most remarkable at the 5.2σ level) due to $n \rightarrow n'$ conversion and "walking through the wall" experiments ($n \rightarrow n' \rightarrow n$ regeneration). $n - n'$ oscillation can be also related to the neutron lifetime puzzle.



My hypothesis ...

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

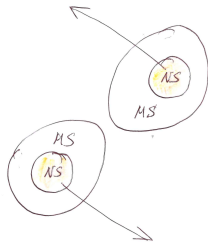
Chapter II:
Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings

Chapter III:
neutron - mirror
neutron mixing

Chapter IV:
 $n - n'$ and
UHECR

Backup

- DM from a hidden gauge sector having physics \sim to ordinary matter:
 $SM \times SM' \quad e, p, n, \nu.. \leftrightarrow e', p', n', \nu' \quad SU(5) \times SU(5)', \dots E_8 \times E_8'$
- Neutron stars (NS) exist and NS-NS gravitational mergers are observed
- There exist dark neutron stars (NS') built of mirror neutrons n'
- Neutron-mirror neutron mixing induces $n' \rightarrow \bar{n}$ transition
– antimatter "eggs" grow inside NS' – a small antistar inside NS'
- NS'-NS' mergers "liberate" the anti-nuclei with $v \sim c$
- $\Phi_{\bar{b}} \sim R(NS' - NS') \times N_b^{NS} \times \tau_{\text{surv}} \times c \sim ?? \quad \tau_{\text{surv}} < 14 \text{ Gyr}$





How large the antinuclear flux can be ?

Extremely Energetic Cosmic Rays:
A signal to new Astro/Particle Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark Matter from a Parallel World

Chapter II: Neutrino - mirror neutrino mixings

Chapter III: neutron - mirror neutron mixing

Chapter IV: $n - n'$ and UHECR

Backup

- $\Phi_{\bar{b}} \sim R(NS' - NS') \times N_{\bar{b}}^{NS} \times \tau_{\text{surv}} \times c$

Merger rate:

$$R(NS' - NS') \sim R(NS - NS) \sim 10^3 \text{ Gpc}^{-3} \text{ yr}^{-1}$$

Amount of antibarions produced in NS'

$$N_{\bar{b}} \sim N_0 \times (t_{\text{NS}}/\tau_{\epsilon}) \sim 3 \cdot 10^{52} \times (t_{\text{NS}}/10^{10} \text{ yr}) (10^{15} \text{ yr}/\tau_{\epsilon})$$

Survival time:

$$\tau_{\text{surv}} = (n_p \langle \sigma_{\text{ann}} v \rangle)^{-1} \simeq 3 \cdot 10^{14} \times (1 \text{ cm}^{-3}/n_p) \quad t_{\text{NS}}, \tau_{\text{surv}} < 14 \text{ Gyr}$$

- $\Phi_{\bar{b}} \sim \left(\frac{R}{10^3 \text{ Gpc}^{-3} \text{ yr}^{-1}} \right) \left(\frac{N_{\bar{b}}}{10^{53}} \right) \left(\frac{\tau_{\text{surv}}}{10^{17} \text{ s}} \right) \times 10^{-6} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$



Transforming Dark Matter into Antimatter: n or \bar{n} ?

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 $n - n'$ and
UHECR

Backup

Cross-interactions can induce mixing of neutral particles between two sectors, e.g. $\nu - \nu'$ oscillations (M neutrinos = sterile neutrinos)

Oscillation $n \rightarrow n'$ can be very effective process, **faster than the neutron decay**. For certain parameters it can explain the neutron lifetime problem, 4.5σ discrepancy between the decay times measured by different experimental methods (bottle and beam), or anomalous neutron losses observed in some experiments and paradoxes in the UHECR detections

$n \rightarrow n'$ transition can have observable effects on neutron stars. It creates dark cores of M matter in the NS interiors, or eventually can transform them into maximally mixed stars with equal amounts of O and M neutrons

Such transitions in mirror NS create O matter cores. If baryon asymmetry in M sector has opposite sign, transitions $\bar{n}' \rightarrow \bar{n}$ create antimatter cores which can be seen by LAT **by accreting ordinary gas** and explain the origin of anti-helium nuclei in cosmic rays **supposedly seen by AMS2**



Antinuclei in Cosmic Rays ... AMS-02

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Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
*n - n' and
UHECR*

Backup

6 helium-3 and 2 helium-4 with energies \sim GeV

$$\Phi(\overline{\text{He}})/\Phi(\text{He}) \sim 10^{-8} \quad - \text{no anti deuteron candidate}$$

Discovery of a single **anti-He-4** nucleus challenges all known physics.
AMS-02 signal (once published) will bring to a revolution in Physics

STing promised that AMS-02 will publish the anti-nuclei data as soon as they see first **anti-carbon**



My scenario is optimistic – this depends in burning conditions in antimatter core for nuclear reactions – depends on age, central density etc. – First it should start to produce helium as in the Sun (without initial Helium) – but then it can go to produce C-N-O and perhaps further ...

Everything is very simple as possible – but not simpler



Getting Energy from Dark Parallel World

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

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Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

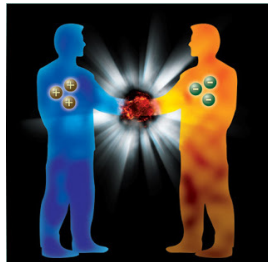
Chapter IV:
*n - n' and
UHECR*

Backup

I argued that in O and M worlds baryon asymmetries can have same signs: $B > 0$ and $B' > 0$. Since $B - B'$ is conserved, our neutrons have transition $n \rightarrow \bar{n}'$ (which is the antiparticle for M observer) while n' (of M matter) oscillates $n' \rightarrow \bar{n}$ into our antineutron. Neutrons can be transformed into antineutrons, but (happily) with low efficiency: $\tau_{n\bar{n}} > 10^8$ s

dark neutrons, before they decay, can be effectively transformed into our antineutrons in controllable way, by tuning vacuum and magnetic fields, if $\tau_{n\bar{n}'} < 10^3$ s

$E = 2m_n c^2 = 3 \times 10^{-3}$ erg
per every \bar{n} annihilation



Two civilisations can agree to built scientific reactors and exchange neutrons ... we could get plenty of energy out of dark matter !

E.g. mirror source with 3×10^{17} n/s (PSI) \rightarrow power = 100 MW



Asimov Machine: the "Pump"

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

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Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

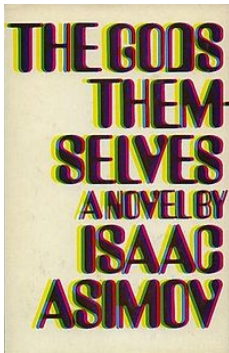
Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 $n - n'$ and
UHECR

Backup



First Part: [Against Stupidity ...](#)

Second Part: [...The Gods Themselves ...](#)

Third Part: [... Contend in Vain?](#)

*"Mit der Dummheit kämpfen Götter
selbst vergebens!"* – Schiller

Radiochemist Hallam constructs the "Pump": a cheap, clean, and apparently endless source of energy functioning by the matter exchange between our universe and a parallel universe

His "discovery" was inspired by beings of parallel (mirror) world where stars were very old and so too cold – they had no more energy resources and were facing full extinction ...



Can neutron be transformed into antineutron ... effectively?

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Summary

Introduction: Old and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark Matter from a Parallel World

Chapter II: Neutrino - mirror neutrino mixings

Chapter III: neutron - mirror neutron mixing

Chapter IV: $n - n'$ and UHECR

Backup

Small Majorana mass of neutron $\frac{\epsilon}{2} (n^T C n + \bar{n} C \bar{n}^T) = \frac{\epsilon}{2} (\bar{n}_c n + \bar{n} n_c)$
 $\equiv n - \bar{n}$ oscillation ($\Delta B = 2$)

Oscillation probability for free flight time t

$$P_{n\bar{n}}(t) = (\epsilon t)^2 = (t/\tau_{n\bar{n}})^2 \quad \text{in quasi-free regime} \quad \omega_B t < 1$$

Present bounds on oscillation time $\tau_{n\bar{n}} = \epsilon^{-1}$ are severe:

$$\tau_{n\bar{n}} > 0.86 \times 10^8 \text{ s} \quad \text{direct limit (free } n) \quad \text{ILL, 1994}$$

$$\tau_{n\bar{n}} > 2.7 \times 10^8 \text{ s} \quad \text{nuclear stability (bound } n) \quad \text{SK, 2020 (this conf.)}$$

$$P_{n\bar{n}}(t) = \frac{t^2}{\tau_{n\bar{n}}^2} = \left(\frac{10^8 \text{ s}}{\tau_{n\bar{n}}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{t}{0.1 \text{ s}} \right)^2 \times 10^{-18}$$

Shortcut through mirror world: $n \rightarrow n' \rightarrow \bar{n}$:

Experimental search to be tuned against (dark) environmental conditions

$$P_{n\bar{n}}(t) = P_{nn'}(t)P_{n\bar{n}'}(t) = \frac{t^4}{\tau_{nn'}^2 \tau_{n\bar{n}'}^2} = \left(\frac{1 \text{ s}^2}{\tau_{nn'} \tau_{n\bar{n}'}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{t}{0.1 \text{ s}} \right)^4 \times 10^{-4}$$

No danger for nuclear stability !

Nor for Neutron Stars



$$2 \times 2 = 4 !$$

Z.B., Eur.Phys.J C81:33 (2021), arXiv:2002.05609

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings

Chapter III:
neutron - mirror
neutron mixing

Chapter IV:
 $n - n'$ and
UHECR

Backup

4 states: $n, \bar{n} : n', \bar{n}'$ and mixing combinations:

$$n \longleftrightarrow \bar{n} \quad (\Delta B = 2) \quad \& \quad n' \longleftrightarrow \bar{n}' \quad (\Delta B' = 2)$$

$$n \longleftrightarrow n' \quad + \quad \bar{n}' \longleftrightarrow \bar{n} \quad \Delta(B - B') = 0$$

$$n \longleftrightarrow \bar{n}' \quad + \quad n' \longleftrightarrow \bar{n} \quad \Delta(B + B') = 0$$

Full Hamiltonian is 8×8 :

$$\begin{pmatrix} m_n + \mu \vec{B} \vec{\sigma} & \epsilon_{n\bar{n}} & \epsilon_{nn'} & \epsilon_{n\bar{n}'} \\ \epsilon_{n\bar{n}} & m_n - \mu \vec{B} \vec{\sigma} & \epsilon_{n\bar{n}'} & \epsilon_{nn'} \\ \epsilon_{nn'} & \epsilon_{n\bar{n}'} & m'_n + V'_n + \mu' \vec{B}' \vec{\sigma} & \epsilon_{n\bar{n}} \\ \epsilon_{n\bar{n}'} & \epsilon_{nn'} & \epsilon_{n\bar{n}} & m'_n + V'_n - \mu' \vec{B}' \vec{\sigma} \end{pmatrix}$$

Present bounds on oscillation time $\tau_{n\bar{n}} = \epsilon^{-1}$:

$$\tau_{n\bar{n}} > 0.86 \times 10^8 \text{ s} \quad (\text{free } n), \quad \tau_{n\bar{n}} > 4.7 \times 10^8 \text{ s} \quad (\text{bound } n)$$

$$P_{n\bar{n}}(t) = \frac{t^2}{\tau_{n\bar{n}}^2} = \left(\frac{10^8 \text{ s}}{\tau_{n\bar{n}}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{t}{0.1 \text{ s}} \right)^2 \times 10^{-18}$$



How effective $n \rightarrow \bar{n}$ can be?

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

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Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

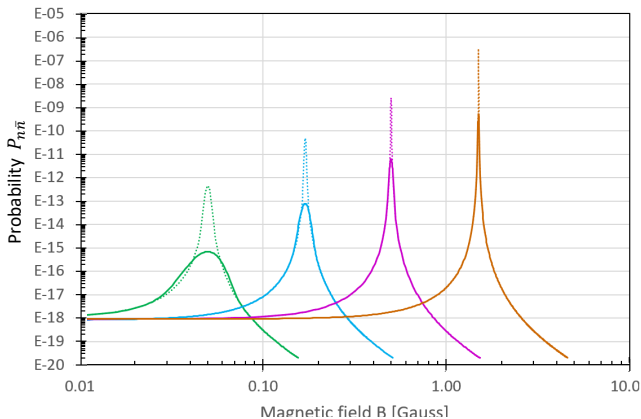
Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 $n - n'$ and
UHECR

Backup

simulations for $n - \bar{n}$ experiment with
 $t = 0.1$ s ($\ell = 100$ m as ILL) and $t = 0.02$ s ($\ell = 20$ m)



– and perhaps a chance for free energy ?



Majorana Machine

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Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

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Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

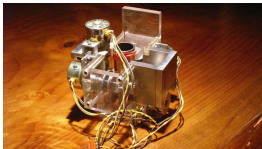
Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 *$n - n'$ and
UHECR*

Backup



Che cretini! Hanno scoperto il protone
neutro e non se ne accorgono!

La fisica è su una strada sbagliata. Siamo
tutti su una strada sbagliata...

La fantomatica macchina forse teorizza-
ta da Ettore Majorana! Nella sua for-
mulazione attuale violerebbe un'infinità
di principi scientifici, producendo enormi
quantità di energia a costo zero. Non può
affatto esistere ...



Backup

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 *$n - n'$ and
UHECR*

Backup

Backup



Chapter IV

Extremely
Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 *$n - n'$ and
UHECR*

Backup

Chapter IV

$n - n'$ and Neutron Stars

Z.B., Biondi, Mannarelli, Tonelli



Neutron Stars: $n - n'$ conversion

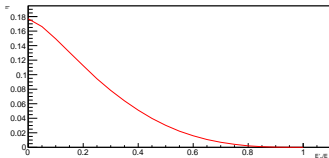
Two states, n and n'

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} m_n + V_n + \mu_n \mathbf{B} \sigma & \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon & m'_n + V'_n - \mu_n \mathbf{B}' \sigma \end{pmatrix}$$

$$n_1 = \cos \theta n + \sin \theta n', \quad n_2 = \sin \theta n - \cos \theta n', \quad \theta \simeq \frac{\varepsilon}{V_n - V'_n}$$

$$nn \rightarrow nn' \text{ with probability } P_{nn'} = \frac{1}{2} \sin^2 2\theta_{nn'} = 2 \left(\frac{\varepsilon}{E_F - E'_F} \right)^2$$
$$E_F \simeq (n/n_s)^{2/3} \times 60 \text{ MeV}, \quad n_s = 0.16 \text{ fm}^{-3} \quad E'_F = \dots n'$$

$$\Gamma_0 = \langle \sigma v_F \rangle n \eta_0 P_{nn'}(0) \simeq \left(\frac{a}{1 \text{ fm}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{\varepsilon}{10^{-14} \text{ eV}} \right)^2 \times 10^{-13} \text{ yr}^{-1}$$



$$\frac{dN_1(t)}{dt} = -\Gamma N_1$$

$$\frac{dN_2(t)}{dt} = \Gamma N_1$$

$$N_1 + N_2 = \text{Const.}$$

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A signal to new Astro/Particle Physics?

Zurab Berezhiani

Summary

Introduction: Old and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark Matter from a Parallel World

Chapter II: Neutrino - mirror neutrino mixings

Chapter III: neutron - mirror neutron mixing

Chapter IV: $n - n'$ and UHECR

Backup



Mixed Neutron Stars: TOV and $M - R$ relations

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Energetic Cosmic
Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

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Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 *$n - n'$ and
UHECR*

Backup

$$g_{\mu\nu} = \text{diag}(-g_{tt}, g_{rr}, r^2, r^2 \sin^2 \theta) \quad g_{tt} = e^{2\phi}, \quad g_{rr} = \frac{1}{1-2m/r}$$

$$T_{\mu\nu} = T_{\mu\nu}^1 + T_{\mu\nu}^2 = \text{diag}(\rho g_{tt}, p g_{rr}, p r^2, p r^2 \sin^2 \theta)$$

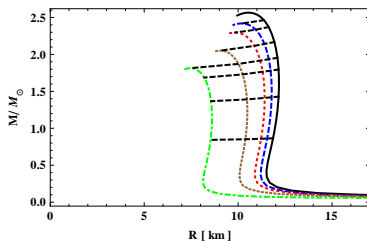
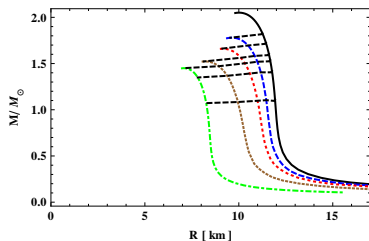
$$\rho = \rho_1 + \rho_2 \quad \& \quad p = p_1 + p_2, \quad p_\alpha = F(\rho_\alpha)$$

$$\frac{dm}{dr} = 4\pi r^2 \rho \rightarrow \frac{dm_{1,2}}{dr} = 4\pi r^2 \rho_{1,2} \quad m = m_1 + m_2$$

$$\frac{d\phi}{dr} = -\frac{1}{\rho+p} \frac{dp}{dr} \rightarrow \frac{dp_1/dr}{\rho_1+p_1} = \frac{dp_2/dr}{\rho_2+p_2}$$

$$\frac{dp}{dr} = (\rho + p) \frac{m+4\pi r^3}{2mr-r^2}$$

$$(m_1 \neq 0, m_2 = 0)_{\text{in}} \rightarrow (m_1 = m_2)_{\text{fin}} \quad r \rightarrow \frac{r}{\sqrt{2}}, \quad m_\alpha \rightarrow \frac{m_\alpha}{2\sqrt{2}}$$



$$\sqrt{2} \text{ rule: } M_{\text{mix}}^{\text{max}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} M_{\text{NS}}^{\text{max}} \quad R_{\text{mix}}(M) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} R_{\text{NS}}(M)$$



Neutron Stars: observational $M - R$

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Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

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Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
 $n - n'$ and
UHECR

Backup

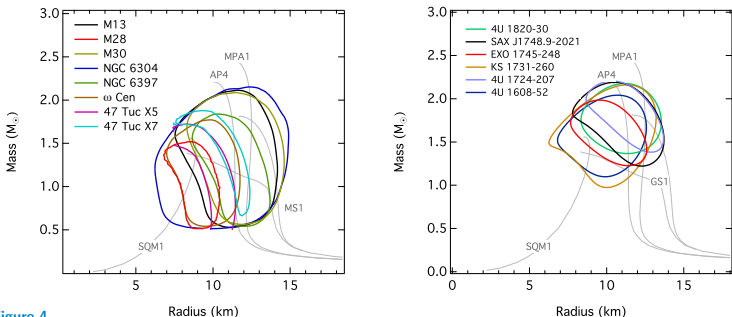


Figure 4

The combined constraints at the 68% confidence level over the neutron star mass and radius obtained from (Left) all neutron stars in low-mass X-ray binaries during quiescence (Right) all neutron stars with thermonuclear bursts. The light grey lines show mass-relations corresponding to a few representative equations of state (see Section 4.1 and Fig. 7 for detailed descriptions.)



Neutron Stars: Evolution to mixed star

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Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

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Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
*n - n' and
UHECR*

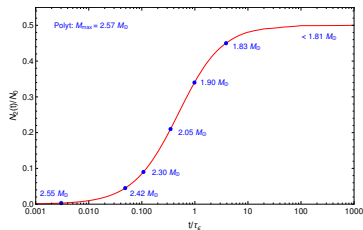
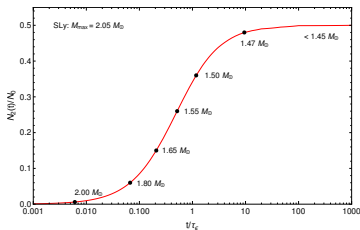
Backup

$$\frac{dN_1(t)}{dt} = -\Gamma N_1 \quad \frac{dN_2(t)}{dt} = \Gamma N_1$$

Initial state $N_1 = N_0, N_2 = 0$

$$N_1 + N_2 = \text{Const.}$$

final state $N_1 = N_2 = N_0/2$



NS-NS merger: can be at the origin of heavy *trans-Iron* elements



Neutron Stars: mass distribution

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Rays:
A signal to new
Astro/Particle
Physics?

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Summary

Introduction: Old
and Gold ...

Chapter I: Dark
Matter from a
Parallel World

Chapter II:
*Neutrino - mirror
neutrino mixings*

Chapter III:
*neutron - mirror
neutron mixing*

Chapter IV:
*n - n' and
UHECR*

Backup

